

# Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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—AT—  
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understood if we credit that \$2.50 will be ex-  
pected and demanded.

W. P. WALTON.

John G. Carlisle on the Blair Bill.

In my judgment, it is a measure not authorized by the Constitution of the United States, and would, if adopted, revolutionize the long-established educational policy of our people, and ultimately destroy, or at least seriously injure, our common school system. The education of the young at the public expense, like all matters relating to the preservation of the moral health and the security of the people and good order of society, is a matter of police power, which, under our system of government, belongs exclusively to the several States and local communities. That power was not delegated in whole or in part to the General Government, and no clause can be found in the Constitution which would authorize its exercise by Congress. It is agreed by all sides, and has been from the beginning, that the Government of the United States is one of delegated powers only, and it is plainly written in the Constitution itself that "the powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution nor prohibited by it to the States are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people. The power to tax for Federal purposes is expressly granted, and the power to appropriate for such purposes is equally clear, but in what part of the Constitution did its framers conceal the unlimited and dangerous power to impose taxes and make appropriations for State purposes? I can not find it; I have searched in vain through the pages of the Constitution itself, through the proceedings and debates in the convention that framed it, and the State conventions that adopted it, and through the papers of Madison, and Jay, and Hamilton, and others who advocated it before the people, and now I call upon the gentlemen who affirm the existence of such a power to point it out to us. We have a right to see it before we vote \$79,000,000 out of the Federal Treasury, to be expended in executing the common school laws of the several States.

In order to prove the existence of such authority it is not sufficient to show merely that an evil exists which the States fail or refuse to remove, or that an object can be accomplished which the States separately are unable to secure, but it must be shown that the power to raise and appropriate revenue for that particular purpose, or for some general purpose which fairly includes that one.

In the first section of the bill it is expressly provided that "no money shall be paid to a State, or any officer thereof, until the Legislature of the State shall, by bill or resolution, accept the provisions of this act," and, consequently, every State which proposes to avail itself of the supposed benefits of this bill, if it should become law, must first relinquish the absolute control it now has over its own common school system and subject it to the supervision, if not the actual domination, of the United States authorities. No more effective scheme for the immediate demoralization and ultimate destruction of our educational system could possibly be devised.

In every State in the Union, and especially in the Southern States, which are now making most gratifying and extraordinary progress in providing educational facilities for the children of both races, antagonisms will be provoked, rivalries and dissensions will be engendered, and the present harmonious and effective administration of their common school systems will be succeeded by factional quarrels, race conflicts and partisan intrigues. Under the multifarious and exacting provisions of this bill many causes of complaint, or, at least, pretexts for complaint, can easily be found on account of alleged illegal discriminations in raising or disbursing the school funds, or in the facilities afforded by the local laws and regulations for the education of the two classes of children, and the selfish partisan and political adventurer will have abundant opportunities to foment discord and strife among the people who are now living together in peace and supporting their own common schools by equal taxation on their own property.

I do not for a moment question the sincerity or impel the good faith of the great body of enlightened and charitable men and women who are giving their support to this measure, but in my opinion its adoption would be the most fatal blow that could be inflicted upon the cause of education in this country. The dispensation of annual largesses among the several States by the General Government would inevitably tend to destroy that spirit of independence and self-reliance, without which no people have ever achieved greatness or success in any enterprise.

A group of students died and wined it a hotel. They then agreed with the host that the one who ran the fastest should pay the bill. The host was to start them. He did. And they never came back to any which was

Women Who Love Champagne.

The young married beauty who filled her slipper with champagne at the White Sulphur Springs and gave it to a Baltimore gallant to drink, is a resident of this city. She certainly is a very beautiful woman and wears a very small slipper, and the Fire Pointe Sir Walter Raleigh, who drank the wine from the slipper, is a growing attorney from Richmond. The lady said she was sorry she did it now, "but it was a champagne party and they were excited with wine." When some one asked her if she respected the young man for indulging in such Babylonian politeness she said:

"No, not at all. When I think of it now I have an utter disgust for him. I did not give him the slipper. It came off accidentally, when the silly fellow seized it, filled it with champagne and drank to my health."

Washington women are, as a rule, exceedingly fond of champagne and it goes without saying that considerable champagne must have been drunk before the company became so impulsively chivalric as to make possible the incident mentioned. Letters from Saratoga represent society women in general, and Washington of the so-called fast set in particular, as having a high old time the past summer both by night and by day. They were to be found at the race track, staking money, boxes of gloves and other costly forfeits on the results of the day's races with as much recklessness as any man with a million a year would display. O'Connell's night in the week as many as 40 ladies could be seen eating supper and drinking champagne at the old John Morrissey club house. One could stand in the doorway and see a crowd of men gambling and 30 or more women eating and drinking. Of course these women were not very refined, though they stopped at the best hotels. They were a set of women who doted on yacht and horse races and play poker at night in their rooms. [Washington Letter to the Savannah News]

Losers of Money.

"Pardon me, sir, but did you drop a twenty-dollar gold piece?" asked a man with an earnest look on his face, and a memorandum book in his hand, of a well-dressed individual.

The man addressed ran his hand nervously into various pockets and replied:

"Well, now, I declare! Can it be possible that I was so careless as to drop that coin. Yes, it's gone. I must have lost it right here, near where we are standing."

The man opened his memorandum book, took a stub of a lead pencil from his vest pocket and said politely:

"Will you favor me with your name and address?"

They were given and the questioner started on, when the well-dressed man cried:

"Hi, there! Where's the money? Give me my gold piece?"

"Oh, I didn't find any money. I took a notion this morning that in a city like this, where thousands and thousands of dollars are handled every hour, there must be great losses, and started out to investigate the matter. Between here and the river I have found seven men who have lost twenty-dollar gold pieces, and I expect to run the list up to two hundred before I reach the City Hall."

The Last Story Told.

A party of gentlemen at a Birmingham hotel were telling stories one night recently of famous shots and how many quails, partridges, ducks and other birds had been killed at a single discharge. After listening to what seemed a willful exaggeration by different narrators, a stranger who was present volunteered his experience of his only use of the fatal double-barreled gun as follows:

"I went into the field one day to try gunning. The only game discovered was an immense flock of blackbirds. I should say there were 10,000 in the flock. Slowly I crawled up to them, and when not more than four rods away the birds rose in a solid mass. I fired both barrels, and how many do you think I killed?"

Different guesses were made by the party, ranging from twenty to one hundred. "Not one," said the stranger, "but I went out with my brother to look for results, and we picked up four bushels of legs. I had shot a little under."

This was the last story told. [New Haven News]

Some people imagine that the railroads, banks and great manufacturing of this country are owned by large capitalists. It is a mistake. The Pennsylvania railroad which employs 19,000 persons, is owned by about 20,000 shareholders, the vast majority of whom are little capitalists, owning from one to five shares each. Many of these are widows, orphans and aged people, for whom honest workingmen, now in their graves, made their provision by years of close living and self-denial. [N. Y. Ledger]

Jim Webster, a hard-looking colored man, was brought before a justice in Austin for stealing some money from the house of Colonel Jones, one of the most respectable citizens. Said the Judge, very impressively, to Jim: "Don't you know that no good can come from stolen money—that there is a curse on it?" "Bore," answered Jim, "I didn't know Colonel Jones stole that money. I allus' expected him of being an honest man. White folks am gettin' to be mighty unreliable nowadays."

Told of Mr. Lincoln.

When President Lincoln appointed a rigid disciplinarian commander of the Department of Virginia, he promised that General that he should be allowed to shoot deserters. But the President's kindness of heart was more powerful than his respect for the discipline of the army and he did not keep his promise. One day he received from the General this telegram: "President Lincoln, I pray you to not interfere with the court marshal of the army. You will destroy all discipline amongst your soldiers."

The day after the reception of the telegram an old man was seen by a Congressman crying all alone in a corner of the White House's ante-room, waiting with a hundred others to see the President.

"What's the matter with you, old man?" asked the kind-hearted representative. The old man told him the story of his son, a soldier in the Army of Virginia, and sentenced to be shot. The Congressman took the old man into the President's room.

"Well, my old friend, what can I do for you to day?" asked the President. The aged father told his story.

"I am sorry to say I can do nothing for you," answered the President in the most mournful tones.

"Listen to the telegram which I received yesterday from the General."

The old man's grief as he listened was too heartrending for the merciful President. Seizing a pen he exclaimed:

"By Jingo, General or no General, here goes!" and wrote:

Job Smith is not to be shot until further orders from me. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

"Why, I thought it was to be a pardon?" cried the old man, as he read the words. "But you say, 'Not to be shot until further orders,' and you may order him to be shot next week."

"Well, my old friend," said Mr. Lincoln, smiling at the aged father's fears, "I see you are not very well acquainted with me. If your son lives until I order him to be shot he will live longer than ever Methuselah did."

The old man departed invoking a blessing upon the head of the good President.

Hewitt vs. George.

The Hon. Abram S. Hewitt having accepted the Tammany nomination for mayor of New York, the New York World thus compares him with Henry George, the workingmen's candidate: In view of Mr. Henry George's visionary land schemes, Mr. Hewitt could scarcely say, with the quiet man who put down the ancient boaster, "All that this man promises I have done." But he may justly claim to have benefited workingmen, while Mr. George has only written or talked about benefiting them.

The two candidates afford perfect types of the theorists and the practical men of the world. Mr. George has written books about things while Mr. Hewitt has been doing them. Mr. George has told his sympathy for the workers, while Mr. Hewitt has shown his. Mr. George has tried to invent ways in which government can help men while Mr. Hewitt has helped them to help themselves in that best of all ways—by giving them steady work at liberal wages. Mr. George has philosophized about "Progress and Poverty." Mr. Hewitt has progressed from poverty to property by the road ordained by God and nature—that of honest, indefatigable effort.

Mr. George means well. Mr. Hewitt not only means well, but does well. It will not take intelligent American workingmen long to decide which will make the better practical chief executive officer of the business concerns of this great city.

When Mr. C. A. Marshall, of Wytheville, Va., who has been journeying for the last three months in the Big Horn country, took the train for home in the Old Dominion he was accompanied by his famous Maltese cat, Driver. This animal weighs about twenty-five pounds and is a marvel of intelligence. At the Big Horn ranch, where Mr. Marshall was journeying, it was Driver's regular evening duty to go after and drive up the cows. There were twelve of these cows and Driver was never known, except on one occasion, to leave one of them behind. The occasion referred to is a very good illustration of the sagacity of the Maltese.

He found one of the best cows in the bunch so badly crippled that he could not get home. Driver drove her as far as possible and then, leaving her hurried the others home on the lops. Arriving at the corral he impatiently waited until the calves were turned with the cows, when he selected the one belonging to the absent cow and started on the back track with it. He was curiously followed and was seen to take the calf straight to its mother. Here he seated himself on his haunches and benignly purred while the stricken mother suckled her offspring. He then drove the calf back to the corral, and doubtless enjoyed a tranquil and unbroken night's rest. [Cherokee Leader]

He KNEW 'EM.—Phrenologist (to fellow passenger)—Excuse me, but am I right in taking you for a professional man?

Fellow-passenger—Yes, sir.

Phrenologist—Thanks. It's not often that I make a mistake in judging my fellow men. Your work is head-work at together, of course?

Fellow-passenger—O yes, entirely so.

Phrenologist—Or lawyer?

Fellow-passenger—No, sir; barber.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Rev. R. R. Noel has declared himself an independent evangelist.

—Mr. Thomas I. Bourn and Miss Margaret K. Ball were married on last Thursday.

—Mr. J. P. Sandifer has about completed a handsome front to his residence on Danville street.

—The remains of Miss Lee Hogan, of Bryan'sville, were interred in the Lancaster cemetery Thursday.

—The Garrard County Teachers' Association met at Antioch church Saturday and was addressed by General W. J. Landrum. A magnificent dinner was furnished.

—The first letter bearing a special delivery stamp was received Thursday evening, addressed to Rev. George O. Barnes. It was delivered in double quick time by the deputy postmaster, C. D. Peacock.

—Anderson Kennedy, Josh Ray, John Smith and Harrison Brown, all colored, were caught by Marshal James Hamilton, Sunday, playing poker in a corn field near town. They were jailed and will have their examining trial to day.

—Bro. Barnes will close his meeting here Tuesday evening. He will go to Paint Lick for one week, thence to Richmond.

His audience here Sunday afternoon and evening were the largest seen in the Court-house since his revival four years ago.

—Col. J. G. Craddock, of the Paris Tine Kentucky, is in town to hear Bro. Barnes. Capt. and Mrs. E. W. Lillard are visiting the former's parents at Lawrenceburg.

Miss Bertie Collier is visiting Mrs. M. P. Robinson, at Danville. Miss Mamie Spillman is a guest of Miss Kate Wherritt.

Mrs. H. A. Stitt, of Millersburg, is a guest of Mrs. Morris Evans. Mrs. Hill, of Glasgow, is visiting her daughter, Miss Sallie Hill, at the College. Mr. R. H. Tomlinson has returned from an extensive Western trip. Mr. Jo Enbry and family, of Madison, were in town Sunday. Miss Honeywood Hoffman returned from a visit to Winchester Saturday.

He Hadn't Cheek Enough.

There was once a time when Senator Vest, of Missouri, said grace before meat, and once during the time he stopped at a house notorious for its bad table. When Mr. Vest (he wasn't a Senator then), sat down to eat, the spread almost inaugurated a coup d'etat in the stomach, but it was that or nothing, and he began.

"Ahem!" coughed the lady, with fifty-cent meal patty resting on her face. "Ahem! Mr. Vest, don't you ask a blessing?"

"Ma'am?" responded the gentleman, with a look in his face like an interrogation point suffering from sea sickness.

"Don't you always ask the Lord to bless the food before you eat it?"

"No, ma'am, not always," and he looked over the table. "I suppose the Lord could bless this if he wanted to, but I'll be doggoned if I've got cheek enough to ask him to do it."

THE UNRELIABLE SEX.—Gus De Smith—"The young ladies of the present day are no good. They can't be relied on."

Kosciusko Murphy—"What makes you think so?"

Gus—"I am engaged to three young ladies, and they all flirt with other men."

[Texas Siftings]

The million and a half added to the revenue of Missouri by high license during the year 1885 was money contributed in the cause of temperance, as is shown by the marked decrease in the number of saloons. [St. Louis Republican]

—John W. Danham, of Palaski, has been appointed store keeper and gauger.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sore, Itch, Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Callouses, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Interesting Experiences.

Hiram Cameron, Furniture Dealer of Columbus, Ga., tells his experience thus: "For three years have tried every remedy on the market for Stomach and Kidney Disorders, but got no relief, until I used Electric Bitters. Took five bottles and am now cured, and think Electric Bitters the best Blood Purifier in the world." Major A. B. Reed, of West Liberty, Ky., used Electric Bitters for an old standing Kidney affection and says: "Nothing has ever done me so much good as Electric Bitters." Sold at 50 cents a bottle by Penny & McAllister.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, near Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free Trial Bottle of this Standard Remedy at Penny & McAllister's Drug Store.

How is your blood? Use Green's Sarsaparilla. For sale by McRoberts & Stagg at \$1.

Use Green Cough Balsam for coughs and colic. Price 50c. For sale by McRoberts & Stagg.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Maid, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

H. K. TAYLOR,

ORLOGAN COUNTY, is a Candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the Democratic State Convention.

FOR SALE!

A valuable Stock Farm containing 319 Acres situated 1 mile from Crab Orchard on the Stanford Pike. The two new store-rooms and rooms over same, in Stanford, South side of Main street, built by Owsley & Son. Also the brick residence in which I am now living. J. B. OWSELEY, Stanford, Ky.

Store-Room For Rent

IN STANFORD.

The Hayden Store-Room, the best in Stanford, in location and arrangement. Apply to

W. G. WELCH, Stanford, Ky.

Lincoln Circuit Court.

W. W. Johnson vs. Jennie Johnston. On petition.

The petitioners have this day filed their petition in the Clerk's office of said Court, asking that Jennie Johnston be empowered to use, enjoy, sell and convey for her own benefit any property she may own or acquire, free from the debts or claims of her husband, to make contracts, sue and be sued as a single woman, trade in her own name and dispose of her property by will or deed.

It is now ordered that notice of said action be published in the Interior Journal, a newspaper published in Stanford, Ky., for ten days.

JAMES P. BAILEY, Clerk Lincoln Circuit Court.

AYER'S

Ague Cure

IS WARRANTED to cure Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chills Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Dengue (or "Break-bone" Fever), Liver Complaint, and all diseases arising from Malarial poisons.

"Harpers, S. C., July 9, 1884. For eighteen months I suffered with Chills and Fever, having Chills every other day. After trying various remedies recommended to cure, I used a bottle of Ayer's Ague Cure, and have never since had a chill."

EDWIN HARPER.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

MADE IN U. S. A.

Buggy & Implement House.

I have now—

A Full Line of Wheat Drills and other Agricultural Implements.

Besides a—

Full Line of Buggies and Wagons

Always on hand. In connection with my Implement business, I will also carry a

Complete Stock of Lumber,

Both rough and dressed. Prices on everything as

Low as any one.

I solicit a share of your patronage. Respectfully,

112-117 J. M. BRUCE.

THE—

BOURNE!

FROM WHENCE—

No Traveler Returns Sick!

In these tight times each buyer should consult his own interests. Why should you give one merchant a share of your patronage when you can buy the same thing from another for 40c. To do this is not justice to yourself or family.

Bourne has just received his large stock of Medicines of all kinds. Every article fresh from the manufacturer. He now has the finest and cheapest selection of fancy goods, show case articles, etc., etc. The celebrated Lander's Spectacles and eye glasses a specialty. The best brands of mixed paints—every can warranted. Splendid jewelry, sewing machine goods, anglers' goods, artists' goods, cameras, lamps, brushes, books of all kinds, stationery, a thousand articles for the dear grandma, male nauts and the smartest baby in the business—all at

Dr. M. L. Bourne's New Drug Store,

Stanford, Ky.

Commissioner's Sale

—OF—

UNION COLLEGE!

First National Bank of Stanford, Ky., and others vs. Trustees of Union College, Barboursville, W. Va. Notice of Sale. In Equity.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Knox Circuit Court, rendered at the September term thereof, 1886, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will, on

Monday, October 25, 1886,

Between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., at the Court-House door in Barboursville, Ky., being county court day, proceed to expose to Public Auction to the highest bidder, the following described property, viz: Union College, in Barboursville, Ky. Said property is a fine brick building, well and substantially built in modern style and cost about Eight Thousand Dollars, having been erected in 1880. Said property will be sold to satisfy a debt in favor of the First Nat. Bank of Stanford, Ky., for \$2,000, with interest thereon at 6 per cent. per annum from February 1, 1885, until paid. Also a debt in favor of W. W. Savers for \$745.10, with interest from July 15, 1885, until paid. Also \$511.00, with interest from August 10, 1885, until paid, and the cost thereof.

Taxes of \$200.—This sale will be made on a credit of 6 and 12 months, in equal installments. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the same and effect of judgment, bearing legal interest from day of sale with a lien retained upon said property until all the purchase money is paid.

W. F. COSTELLO, 104-21 Master Com'r. Knox Circuit Court.

THE BEST

College

AND

Cheapest

is the Commercial College of Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.

Michael Hower and Gold Mather, owners of all other Colleges, have been expelled from the system of Book-keeping and General Business Education. One hundred and fifty students are now attending the Commercial College, including Tuition, Stationery and Board, about \$90, short-landed, and a very large number of students are now attending the Commercial College.

Apply to the Agents of connecting lines for full particulars as to rates, time, maps, circulars or any desired information, or write to

W. H. FARMAN, Trav. Agt. O. & M. Ry. Sta., Louisville, Ky.

Trav. Agt. O. & M. Ry. Sta., Louisville, Ky.

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For Sale at a Bargain.

I offer for sale privately in Stanford, Ky., a very desirable residence with seven rooms and porch. Well of water at the door; stable, smoke house, etc. About an acre of ground in the lot. For terms, etc., apply to

R. G. ALFORD, 168- Agent for J. R. Alford.

MILLINERY.

I am daily opening an elegant line of Fall Millinery, including all

The Latest Novelties of the Season.

Also Notions, such as Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Rushing, Cuffs, Buttons, etc. You will find me at the rooms lately vacated by Smiley & Warren, next door to the Myers House. 161-2nd KATE DUBBERAR.

NEWCOMB HOTEL.

MT. VERNON, KY.

This old and well-known Hotel is still maintaining its fine reputation. Charges reasonable. Special attention to the traveling public.

M. P. NEWCOMB, Prop'r, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Town Lot For Sale!

As representative of Mr. W. H. Anderson, I offer for sale privately his neat brick house and lot of two acres on Somerset Avenue in Stanford. The place has all the necessary improvements and is very desirable one. Call on or address me at Stanford in regard to it.

162-11 F. M. McROBERTS.

G. ELIAS & BRO.

—WHOLESALE—

TIMBER & LUMBER,

22 West Swan Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Highest cash prices paid for White Ash, Black Ash, Red Birch,